

Gears with top in-service performance developed for hybrid and electric vehicles – TOPGEAR

Workshop in Aachen 08. April, 2025

Laboratory for Machine Tools and Production Engineering (WZL)
RWTH Aachen University
Chair of Machine Tools



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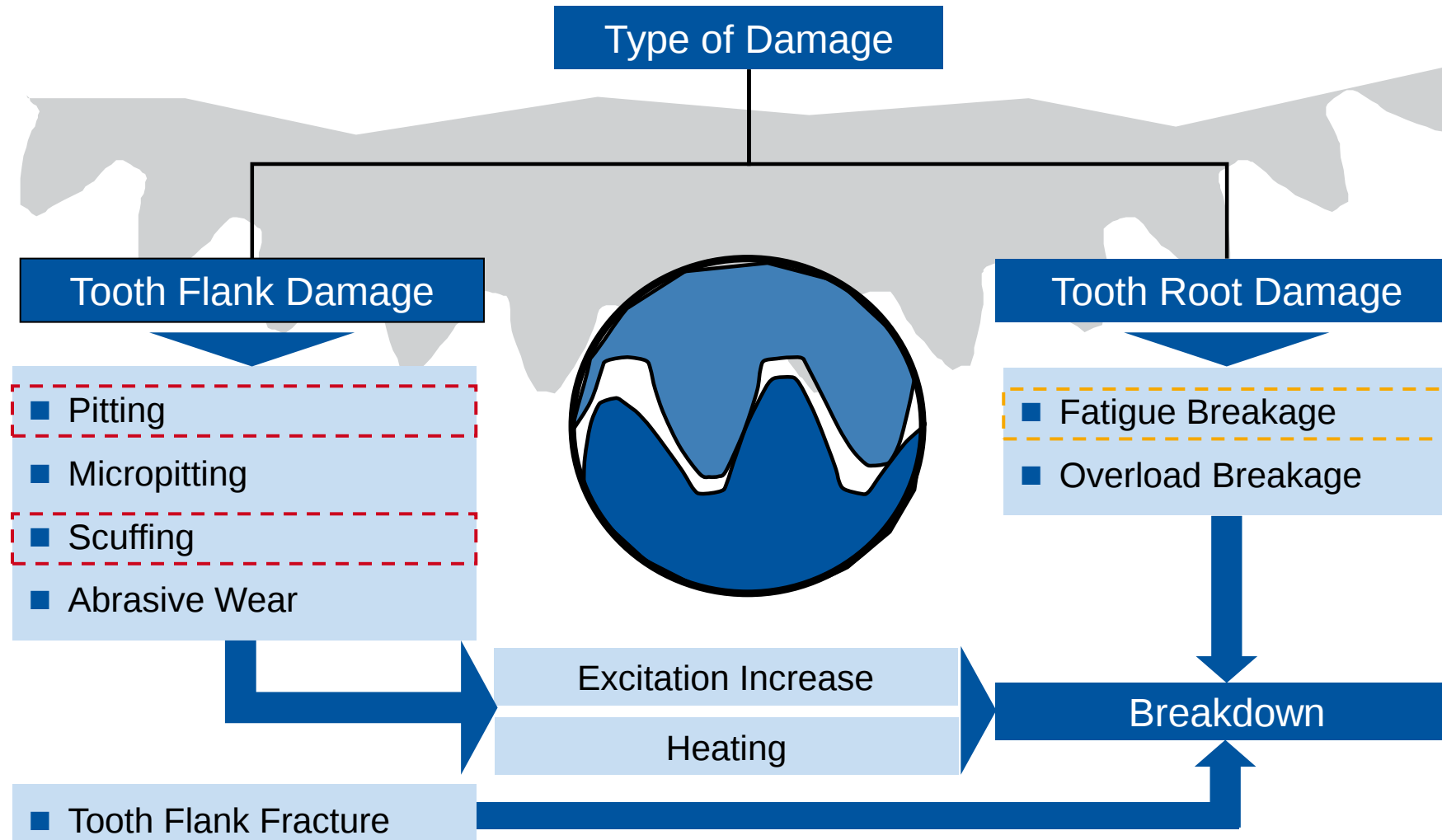


Agenda

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Highspeed Test Rig Overview |
| 2 | Gear Design and Manufacturing |
| | Gear Geometry for Highspeed Pitting Tests |
| | Gear Geometry for Highspeed Scuffing Tests |
| 3 | Conclusions |

Gear Damage Types & Design Limitations

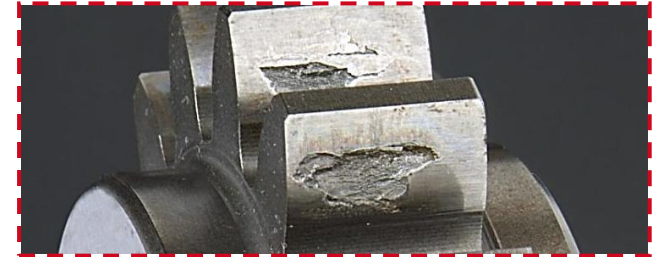
Overview of the Different Gear Damage Types



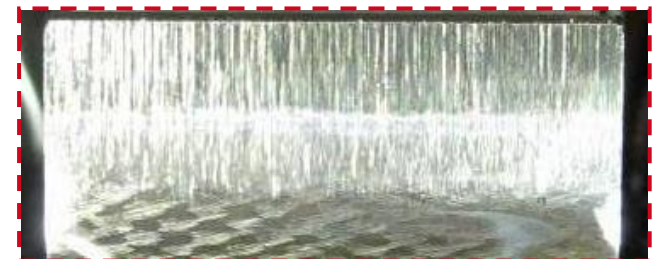
Tooth Root Fatigue Breakage



Pitting



Scuffing



Gear Damage Types & Design Limitations

Test Rig and Current Test Gear Geometries

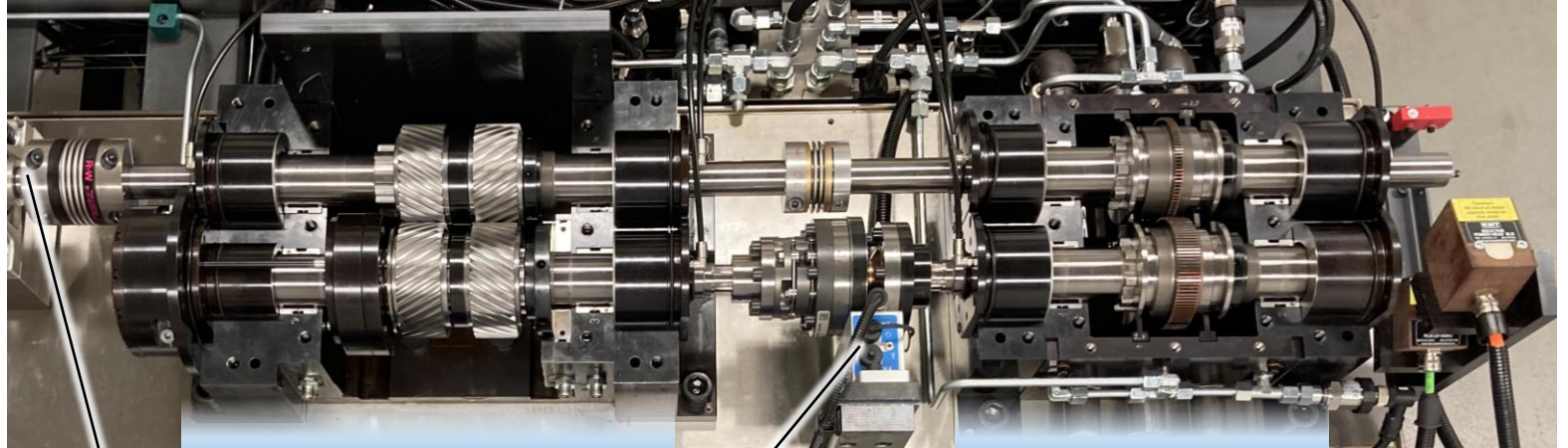
Test gear geometry

- $m_n = 1 \text{ mm}$
- $z_1 / z_2 = 99 / 102$
- $b_1 / b_2 = 7 / 30 \text{ mm}$
- $a = 99.5 \text{ mm}$
- $\beta = 0^\circ$
- $d_{a1} / d_{a2} = 101.5 / 103.5 \text{ mm}$
- Tooth root critical test gear

Reference gear geometry

- $m_n = 2.5 \text{ mm}$
- $z_1 / z_2 = 33 / 34$
- $b_1 / b_2 = 40 / 40 \text{ mm}$
- $a = 99.5 \text{ mm}$
- $\beta = 30^\circ$
- $d_{a1} / d_{a2} = 103.3 / 106.15 \text{ mm}$

High-speed back-to-back gear test rig



Reference gear box

Test gear box

Shaft from motor

Torque measurement

Predefined parameter:

Centre distance $a = 99.5 \text{ mm}$

Tooth ratio $z_1 / z_2 = 99/102 \text{ or } 33/34$

Max. torque $M_{in,max} = 200 \text{ Nm}$

Hub – Shaft connection by spline shaft

Axial displacement of test wheel due to torque application



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Gear Manufacturing

Gear Manufacturing Process Chain of both Material Variants

Variant 01: Reference Material – 27MnCr5



Pitting Test Gear
for high speed tests



Scuffing Test Gear
for high speed tests

Variant 02: 40CrMoBi4



Maschinenübersicht für Fertigung am WZL

Soft machining



Liebherr LC 150

Hard machining



Viper 500W

Quality control



Klingelnberg P65

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Test Gear Design – Damage Type Pitting

Design of Macro Geometry

Test gear geometry

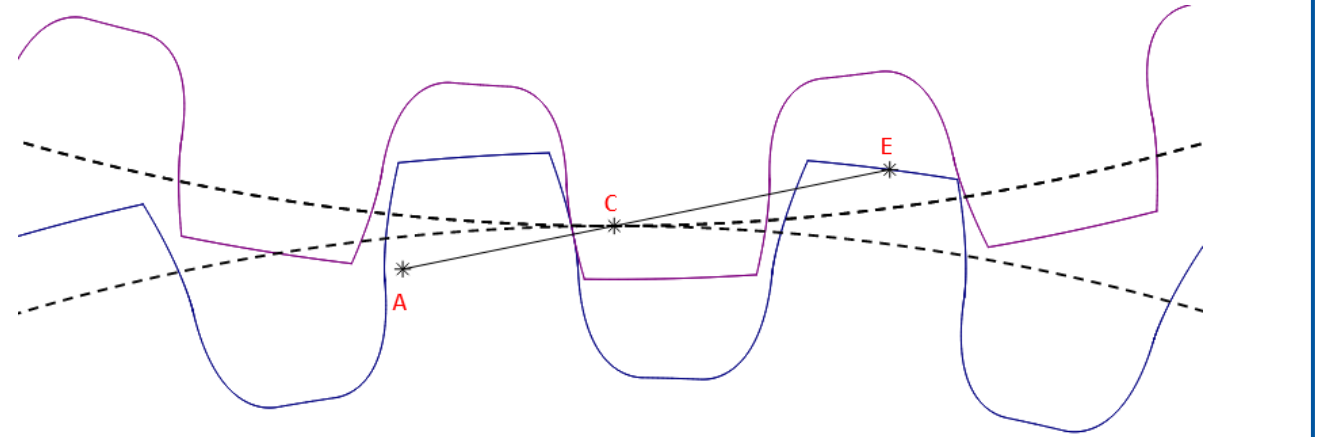
- $m_n = 3.06 \text{ mm}$
- $z_1 / z_2 = 33 / 34$
- $b_1 / b_2 = 7 / 30 \text{ mm}$
- $a = 99.5 \text{ mm}$
- $\alpha_n = 18^\circ$
- $\beta = 0^\circ$
- $x_1^* / x_2^* = -0.55 / -0.45$
- $d_{a1} / d_{a2} = 101.5 / 103.5 \text{ mm}$
- FE-STIRNRADKETTE W4.3.7

Legend

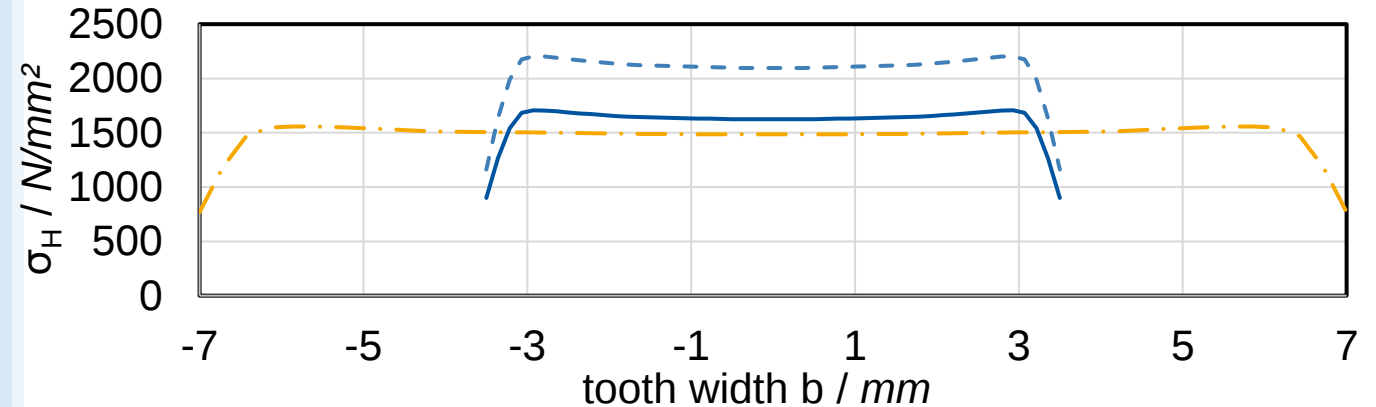
- Test gear $M_{in} = 120 \text{ Nm}$
- - - Test gear $M_{in} = 200 \text{ Nm}$
- · - Standard test gear (Typ-C)

Tooth mesh and contact stress

Cross section
of tooth mesh



Contact stress at
the rolling diam.



Test Gear Design – Damage Type Pitting

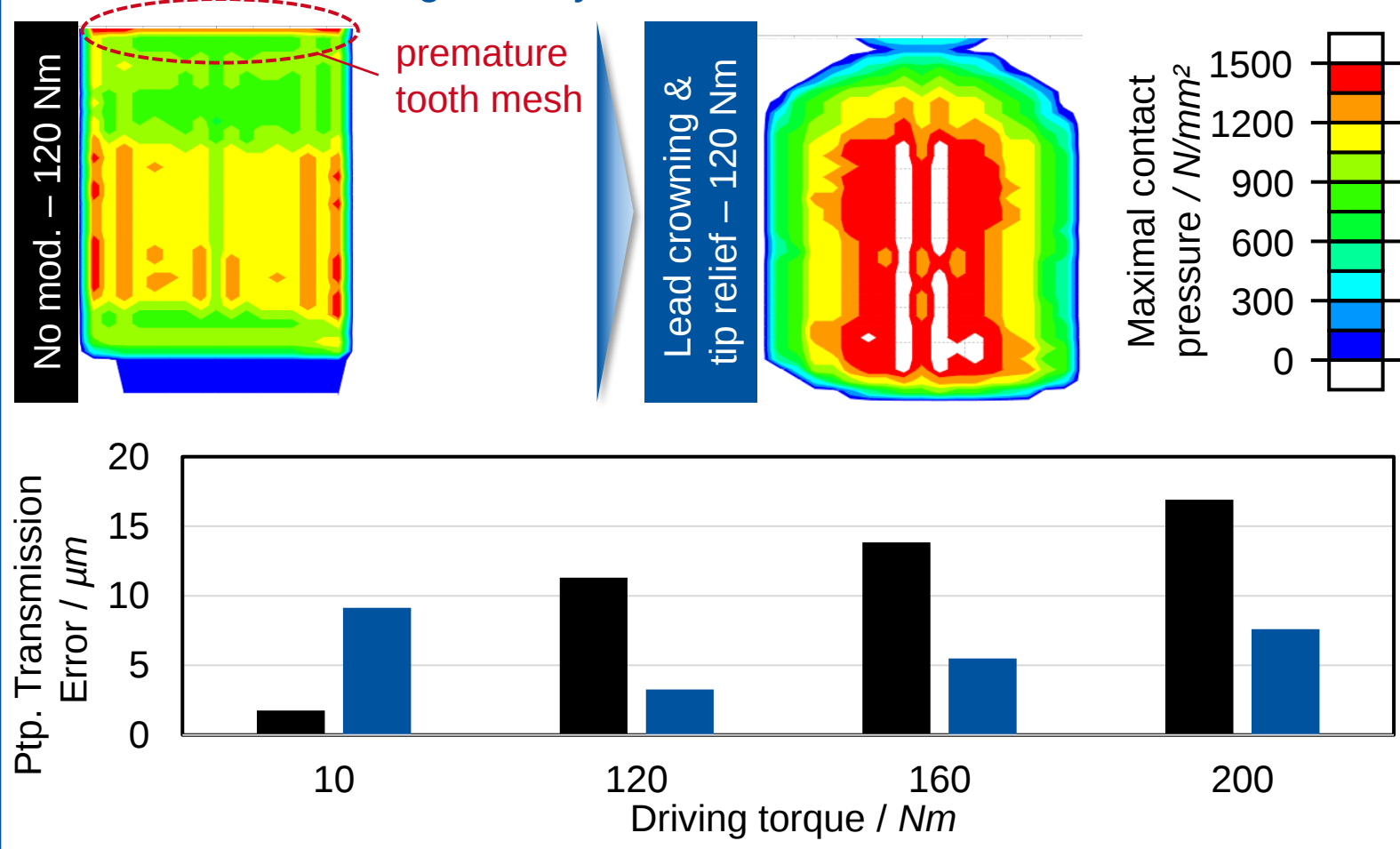
Design of Micro Geometry

Test gear geometry

- $m_n = 3.06 \text{ mm}$
- $z_1 / z_2 = 33 / 34$
- $b_1 / b_2 = 7 / 25 \text{ mm}$
- $a = 99.5 \text{ mm}$
- $\alpha_n = 18^\circ$
- $\beta = 0^\circ$
- $x_1^* / x_2^* = -0.55 / -0.45$
- $d_{a1} / d_{a2} = 101.5 / 103.5 \text{ mm}$
- $S_F > 2.27$ ($M_{in} = 200 \text{ Nm}$)
- ZAKo3D Version 2.10

Parameter	Pinion	Wheel
Lead Crow. $C_\beta / \mu\text{m}$	8	0.5
Tip relief $C_a / \mu\text{m}$	27	20
Start Dia. d_{Ca} / mm	99.1	101.3

Evaluation of micro geometry modifications

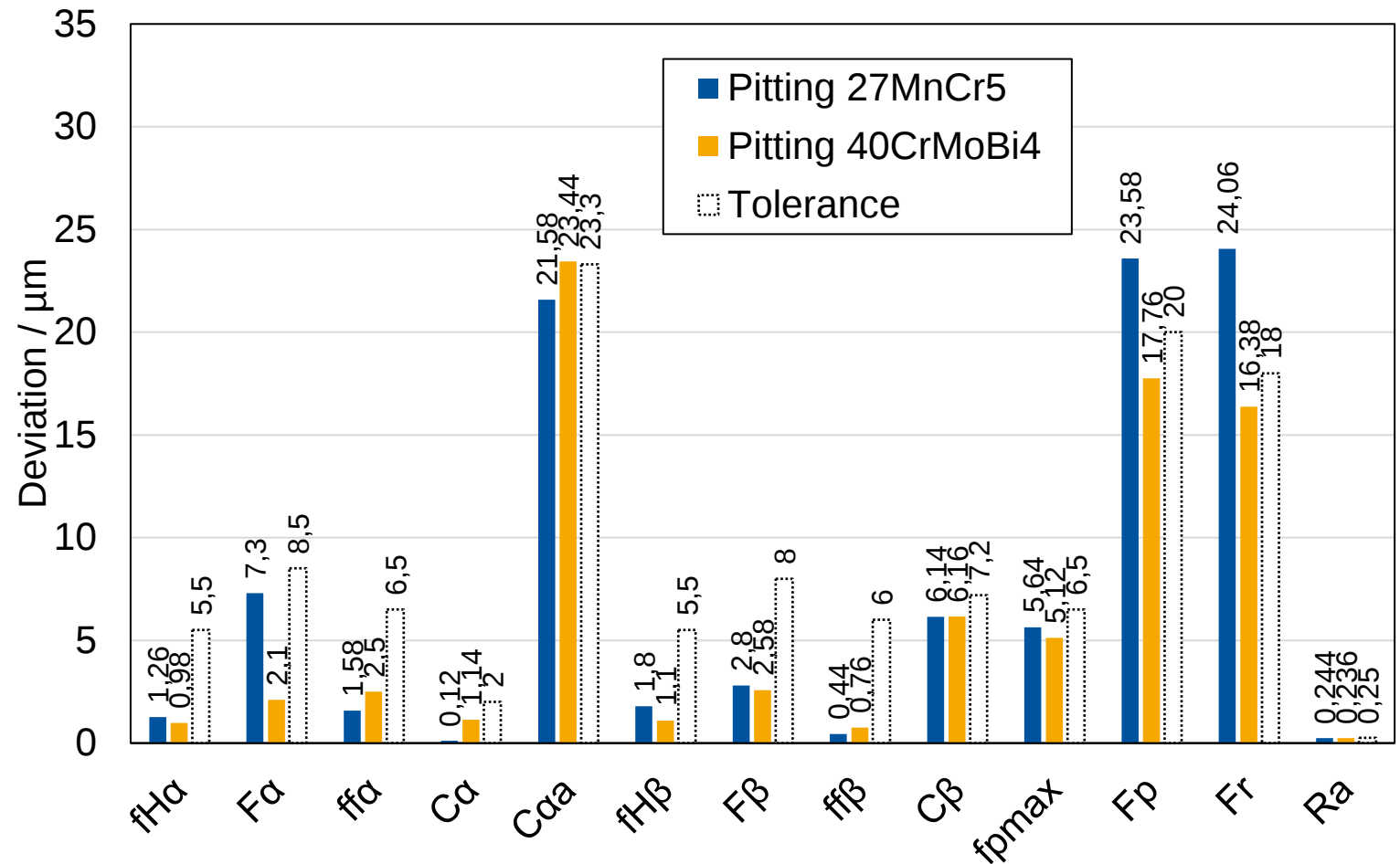


Gear Manufacturing and Quality

Test gear geometry

- $m_n = 3.06 \text{ mm}$
- $z_1 / z_2 = 33 / 34$
- $b_1 / b_2 = 7 / 25 \text{ mm}$
- $a = 99.5 \text{ mm}$
- $\alpha_n = 18^\circ$
- $\beta = 0^\circ$
- $x_1^* / x_2^* = -0.55 / -0.45$
- $d_{a1} / d_{a2} = 101.5 / 103.5 \text{ mm}$
- $S_F > 2.27$ ($M_{in} = 200 \text{ Nm}$)
- ZAKo3D Version 2.10

Parameter	Pinion	Wheel
Lead Crow. $C_\beta / \mu\text{m}$	8	0.5
Tip relief $C_a / \mu\text{m}$	27	20
Start Dia. d_{Ca} / mm	99.1	101.3



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Test Gear Design – Damage Type Scuffing

Design of Macro Geometry

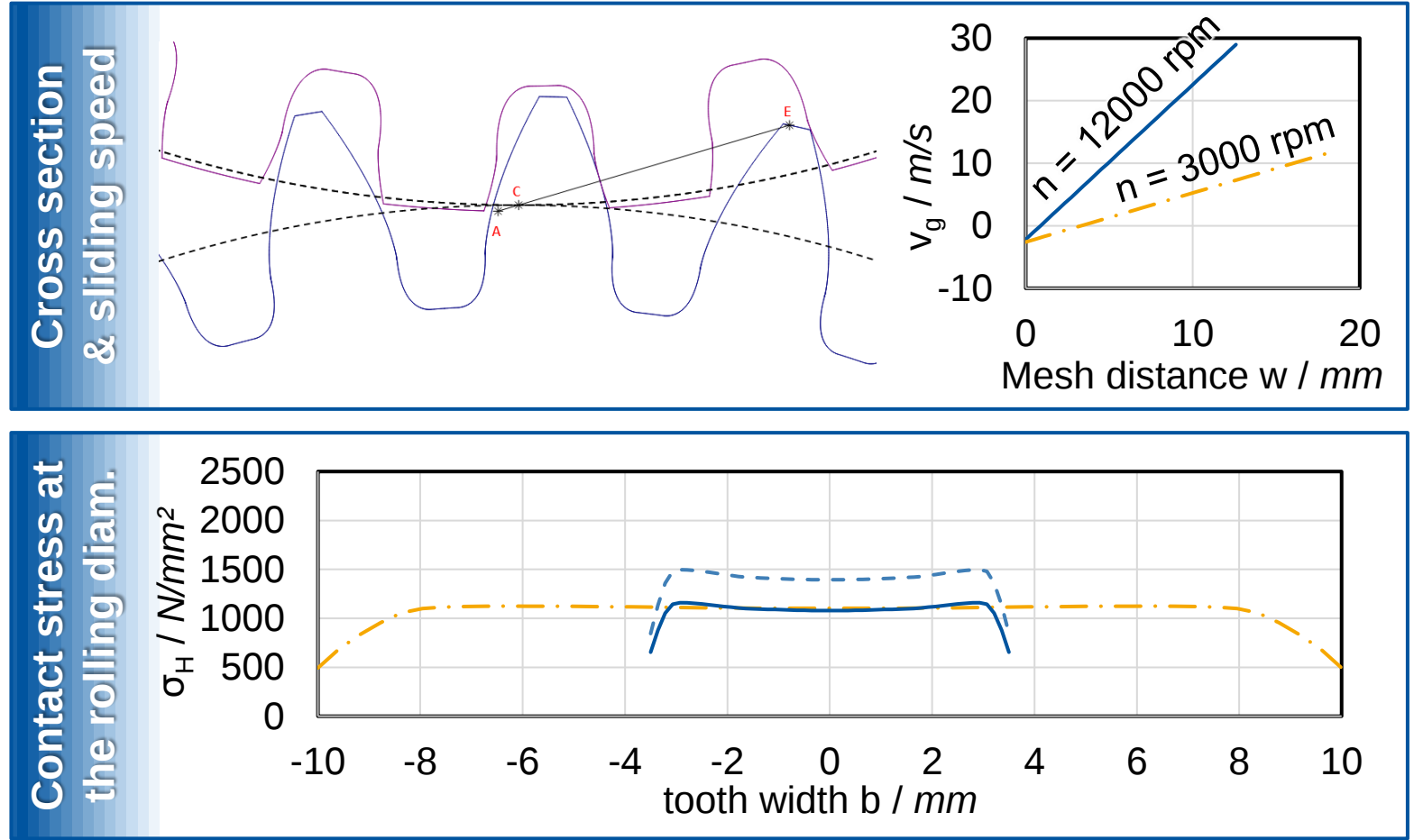
Test gear geometry

- $m_n = 2.95 \text{ mm}$
- $z_1 / z_2 = 33 / 34$
- $b_1 / b_2 = 7.5 / 25.6 \text{ mm}$
- $a = 99.5 \text{ mm}$
- $\alpha_n = 15^\circ$
- $\beta = 0^\circ$
- $x_1^* / x_2^* = 0.15 / -0.1$
- $d_{a1} / d_{a2} = 106.2 / 101.5 \text{ mm}$
- FE-STIRNRADKETTE W4.3.7

Legend

- Test gear $M_{in} = 120 \text{ Nm}$
- - - Test gear $M_{in} = 200 \text{ Nm}$
- . - Stand. test gear (Typ-A)

Tooth mesh and contact stress



Test Gear Design – Damage Type Scuffing

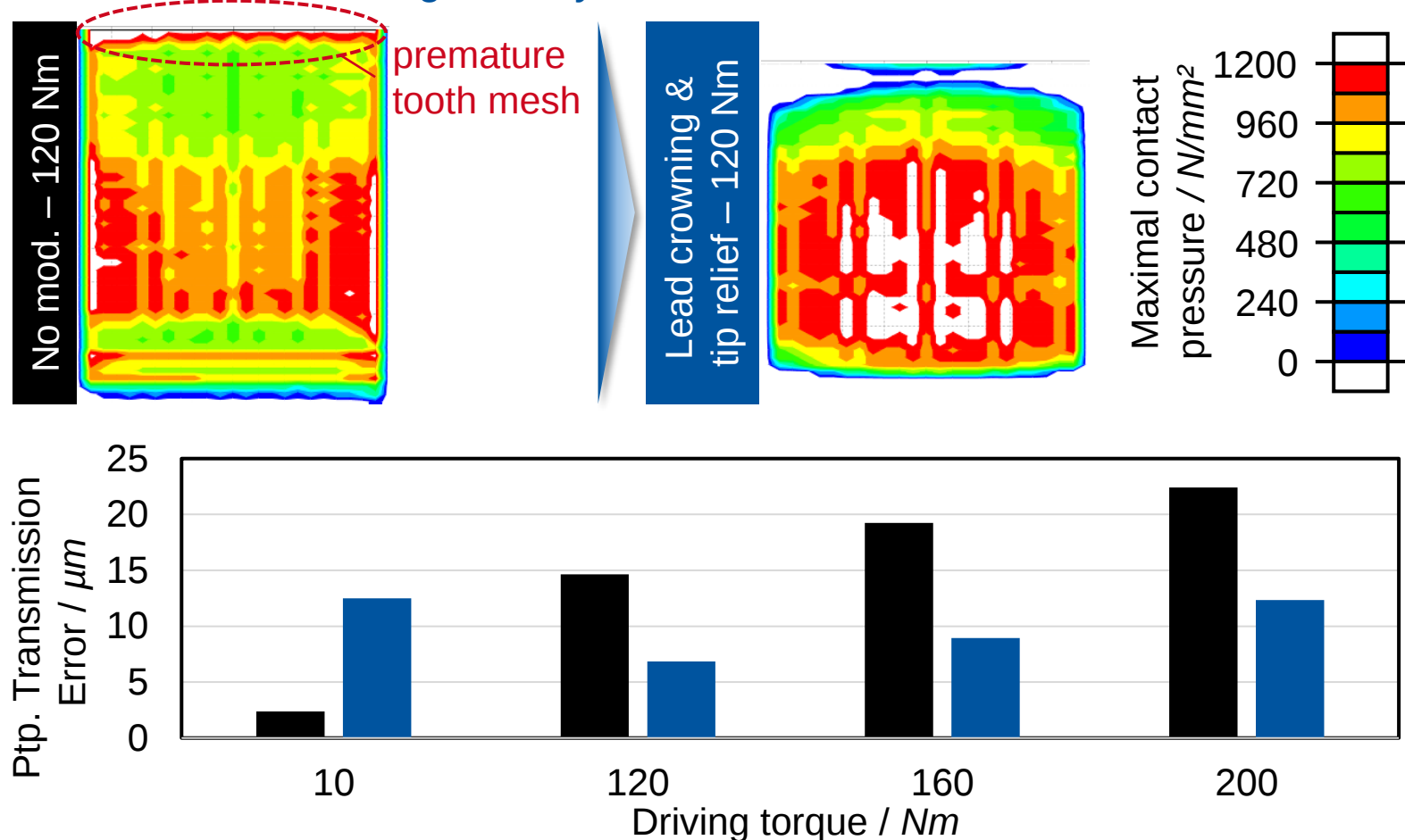
Design of Micro Geometry

Test gear geometry

- $m_n = 2.95 \text{ mm}$
- $z_1 / z_2 = 33 / 34$
- $b_1 / b_2 = 7.5 / 25.6 \text{ mm}$
- $a = 99.5 \text{ mm}$
- $\alpha_n = 15^\circ$
- $\beta = 0^\circ$
- $x_1^* / x_2^* = 0.15 / -0.1$
- $d_{a1} / d_{a2} = 106.2 / 101.5 \text{ mm}$
- $S_F > 1.82$ ($M_{in} = 200 \text{ Nm}$)
- ZAKo3D Version 2.10

Parameter	Pinion	Wheel
Lead Crow. $C_\beta / \mu\text{m}$	4	0.5
Tip relief $C_a / \mu\text{m}$	35	30
Start Dia. d_{Ca} / mm	101.79	98.72

Evaluation of micro geometry modifications



Test Gear Design – Damage Type Scuffing

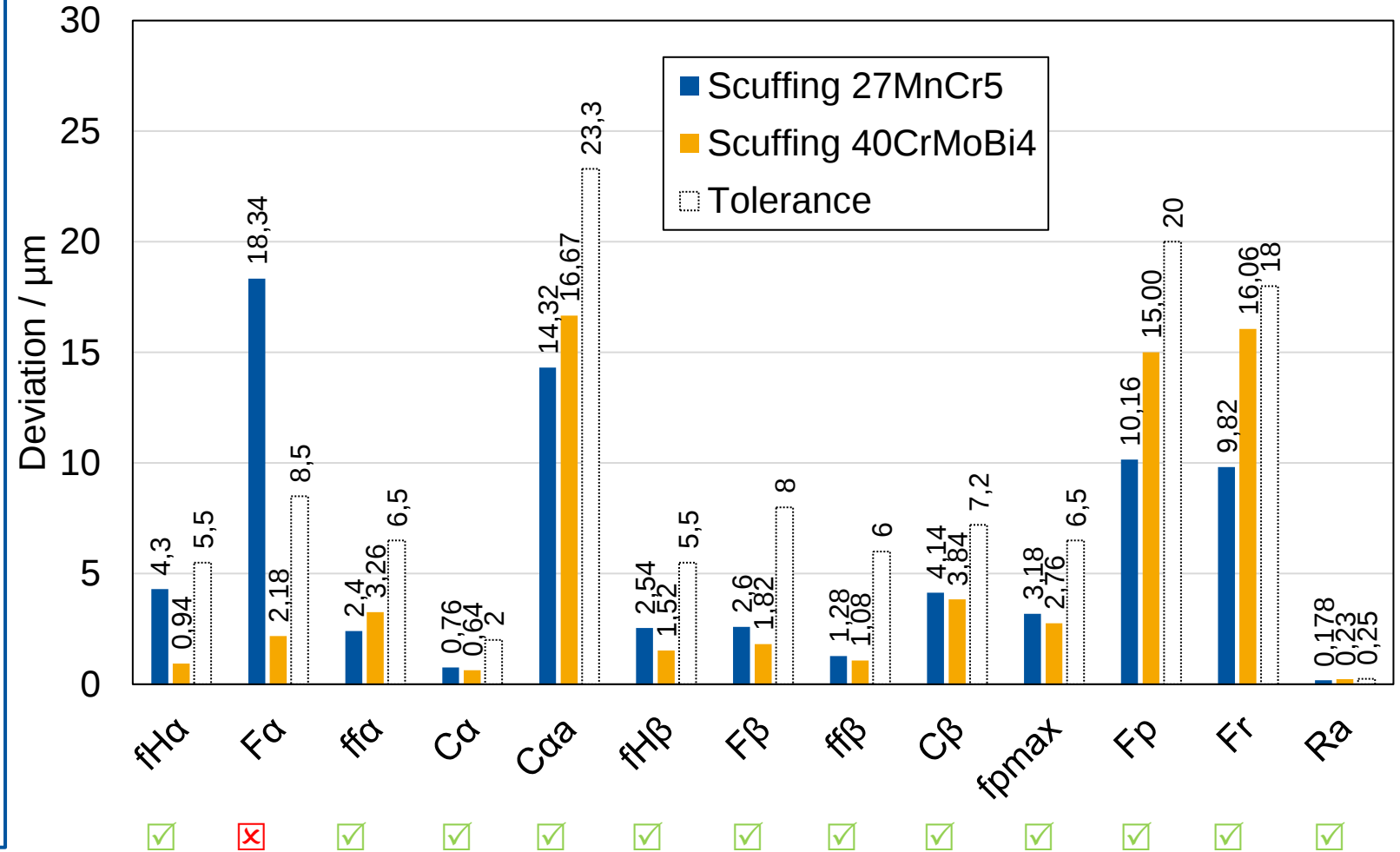
Manufacturing Quality

Test gear geometry

- $m_n = 2.95 \text{ mm}$
- $z_1 / z_2 = 33 / 34$
- $b_1 / b_2 = 7.5 / 25.6 \text{ mm}$
- $a = 99.5 \text{ mm}$
- $\alpha_n = 15^\circ$
- $\beta = 0^\circ$
- $x_1^* / x_2^* = 0.15 / -0.1$
- $d_{a1} / d_{a2} = 106.2 / 101.5 \text{ mm}$
- FE-STIRNRADKETTE W4.3.7

Legend

- Test gear $M_{in} = 120 \text{ Nm}$
- - - Test gear $M_{in} = 200 \text{ Nm}$
- · — Stand. test gear (Typ-A)



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Summary and Outlook

Test gear – Pitting

- Design of test gear geometry regarding pitting strength
- Limitation of design due to existing test rig (maximum torque, centre distance, tooth ratio, etc.)
- Comparison of contact stress to standardized pitting test gear set (Type – C)
- Final test gear geometry is critical regarding pitting at $M_{in} = 120 \text{ Nm}$ and has sufficient tooth root safety factor ($S_F = 2.27 @ M_{max} = 200 \text{ Nm}$)
- Tip relief prevents premature tooth mesh and unwanted damage patterns
- Lead crowning ensures centred contact pattern and increases overall contact stress level
- Soft machining of gear blanks ongoing

Test gear – Scuffing

- Design of test gear geometry regarding scuffing strength
- Limitations as for pitting design
- Comparison of contact stress and sliding velocity to standardized scuffing test gear (Type – A)
- Final test gear geometry with high contact stress than standardized test gears and higher sliding velocities → both more critical
- Sufficient tooth root safety factor ($S_F = 1.82 @ M_{in} = 200 \text{ Nm}$)
- Tip relief prevents premature tooth mesh and unwanted damage patterns
- Lead crowning ensures centred contact pattern and increases overall contact stress level
- Soft machining of gear blanks ongoing